

Reprinted April 12, 2005

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 480

 $DIGEST\ OF\ SB\ 480\ (Updated\ April\ 11,\ 2005\ 10:40\ pm\ -\ DI\ 47)$

Citations Affected: IC 3-6; IC 3-7; IC 3-9; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5; IC 3-11.7; IC 3-12; IC 5-4; noncode.

Synopsis: Election administration issues. Provides that a person who has been notified of a proposed civil penalty for violation of campaign finance laws may enter into a settlement agreement with the election division. Changes the schedule for filing campaign finance reports by candidates for a state office. Describes the circumstances under which a challenged voter must be provided a regular official ballot and the circumstances under which the voter must be given a provisional ballot. Requires the counting of a defective provisional ballot that is defective solely because of an act or a failure to act of an election officer unless fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot is demonstrated. Makes other changes relating to procedures for processing provisional ballots. Provides that personal service upon an individual in a state recount or contest proceeding is not required if the individual's attorney has filed an appearance with the election (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2005.

Landske, Lawson C

(HOUSE SPONSOR — RICHARDSON)

January 18, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs. February 7, 2005, reported favorably — Do Pass. February 14, 2005, read second time, ordered engrossed. February 15, 2005, engrossed. February 17, 2005, read third time, passed. Yeas 46, nays 3.

HOUSE ACTION

March 8, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment. April 4, 2005, amended, reported — Do Pass. April 7, 2005, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. April 8, 2005, engrossed. April 11, 2005, read third time, recommitted to Committee of One, amended; passed. Yeas 95, nays 0.



Digest Continued

division and is provided with service. Makes the provision imposing the 1% requirement to determine the amount of the cash deposit needed for a recount consistent for both petitions and cross-petitions. Permits certain parties to a recount or contest to file a joint motion to dismiss before the completion of the recount or contest. Specifies that recounts and contests may be conducted and votes counted for an office only in a precinct within the election district for the office. Amends statutes relating to impoundment of records and equipment by order of the state recount commission. Provides that the state recount commission's authority, in case of fraud or misconduct, to order that none of the ballots cast in a precinct be counted applies to ballots cast by any voting method. Permits the election division to authorize county adoption of a proposed precinct establishment order submitted by a county if a voter of the county does not file an objection to the proposed order. Authorizes the secretary of state, as the state's chief election officer, to enter a polling place unless the secretary of state is a candidate for nomination or election to an office at the election. Assigns responsibility for custody of original voter registration records for purposes of scanning the records for inclusion of information on the statewide voter registration list. Eliminates the requirement that the governor and the lieutenant governor take the oath of office in the presence of both houses of the general assembly. Removes certain obsolete references. Repeals a provision stating that the law relating to the administrative complaint procedure under the Help America Vote Act applies after December 31, 2003.







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First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 480

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-6-4.2-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. The election
3	division shall do the following:
4	(1) Prepare and distribute paper ballots for the election or
5	retention of persons to federal and state offices and for public
6	questions in compliance with this title.
7	(2) (1) Maintain complete and uniform descriptions and maps of
8	all precincts in Indiana.
9	(3) (2) Promptly update the information required by subdivision
10	(2) (1) after each precinct establishment order is filed with the
11	commission under IC 3-11-1.5.
12	(4) (3) Issue media watcher cards under IC 3-6-10-6.
13	(5) (4) Prepare and transfer to the department of state revenue
14	voter registration affidavits for inclusion in state adjusted gross
15	income tax booklets under IC 6-8.1-3-19.
16	(6) After December 31, 2003, (5) Serve in accordance with 42
17	U.S.C. 1973ff-1(b) as the office in Indiana responsible for



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1	providing information regarding voter registration procedures and
2	absentee ballot procedures to absent uniformed services voters
3	and overseas voters.
4	(7) (6) As required by 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-1(c), submit a report to
5	the federal Election Assistance Commission not later than ninety
6	(90) days after each general election setting forth the combined
7	number of absentee ballots:
8	(A) transmitted to absent uniformed services voters and
9	overseas voters for the election; and
10	(B) returned by absent uniformed services voters and overseas
11	voters and cast in the election.
12	(8) (7) Implement the state plan in accordance with the
13	requirements of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15401 through 15406) and this
14	title, and appoint members of the committee established under 42
15	U.S.C. 15405.
16	(9) (8) Submit reports required under 42 U.S.C. 15408 to the
17	federal Election Assistance Commission concerning the use of
18	federal funds under Title II, Subtitle D, Part I of HAVA.
19	SECTION 2. IC 3-7-48-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as otherwise provided
21	by NVRA or in this chapter, a person whose name does not appear on
22	the registration record may not vote a regular official ballot, unless
23	the circuit court clerk or board of county voter registration office
24	provides a signed certificate of error in the office where the permanent
25	registration record is kept showing that the voter is legally registered
26	in the precinct where the voter resides.
27	(b) A person whose name does not appear on the registration record
28	may If a person who is provided with a certificate of error under
29	this section is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8, the
30	person must cast a provisional ballot as provided in IC 3-11.7: instead
31	of a regular official ballot. The person may proceed to cast the
32	provisional ballot after executing the affidavit required under
33	IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8.
34	SECTION 3. IC 3-7-48-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
35	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
36	1, 2005]: Sec. 7.5. If a voter makes an oral or written affirmation
37	under section 5 or 7 of this chapter and is then challenged under
38	IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter
39	shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather
40	than a regular official ballot. The affidavit executed under this

chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a



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provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

1	SECTION 4. IC 3-9-4-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. (a) Notwithstanding section 16 of this
4	chapter, if a person is notified by the election division that the
5	commission may assess a proposed civil penalty under this article
6	against the person, the person may enter into an agreement with
7	the election division to pay the proposed penalty and waive a
8	hearing before the commission otherwise required under section 16
9	of this chapter.
10	(b) An agreement entered into under this section must:
11	(1) provide for the payment of the entire proposed civil
12	penalty not later than the date of the execution of the
13	agreement; and
14	(2) be presented to the commission by the election division for
15	ratification at the commission's next regularly scheduled
16	meeting.
17	SECTION 5. IC 3-9-5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. (a) This subsection applies to a
19	candidate's committee other than a candidate's committee of a
20	candidate for a state office. Except as otherwise provided in this
21	chapter, each committee, the committee's treasurer, and each candidate
22	shall complete a report required by this chapter current and dated as of
23	the following dates:
24	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before the nomination date.
25	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before the general, municipal, or
26	special election.
27	(3) The annual report filed and dated as required by section 10 of
28	this chapter.
29	(b) This subsection applies to a regular party committee. Except as
30	otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the committee's
31	treasurer shall complete a report required by this chapter current and
32	dated as of the following dates:
33	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election.
34	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general, municipal, or special
35	election.
36	(3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under
37	section 10 of this chapter.
38	(c) This subsection applies to a legislative caucus committee.
39	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the
40	committee's treasurer shall complete a report required under this



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chapter current and dated as of the following dates:

(1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election conducted in

1	an even-numbered year.
2	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general election conducted in
3	an even-numbered year.
4	(3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under
5	section 10 of this chapter.
6	A legislative caucus committee is not required to file any report
7	concerning the committee's activity during an odd-numbered year other
8	than the annual report filed and dated under section 10 of this chapter.
9	(d) This subsection applies to a political action committee. Except
10	as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the
11	committee's treasurer shall complete a report required by this chapter
12	current and dated as of the following dates:
13	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election.
14	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general, municipal, or special
15	election.
16	(3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under
17	section 10 of this chapter.
18	(e) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee of a
19	candidate for a state office. A candidate's committee is not
20	required to file a report under section 8.2, 8.4, or 8.5 of this
21	chapter. For a year in which an election to the state office is held,
22	the treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file the following
23	reports:
24	(1) A report covering the period from January 1 through
25	March 31 of the year of the report. A report required by this
26	subdivision must be filed not later than noon April 15 of the
27	year covered by the report.
28	(2) A report covering the period from April 1 through June 30
29	of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision
30	must be filed not later than noon July 15 of the year covered
31	by the report.
32	(3) A report covering the period from July 1 through
33	September 30 of the year of the report. A report required by
34	this subdivision must be filed not later than noon October 15
35	of the year covered by the report.
36	(4) A report covering the period from October 1 of the year of
37	the report through the date that is fifteen (15) days before the
38	date of the election. A report required by this subdivision
39	must be filed not later than noon seven (7) days before the
40	date of the election.
41	(5) A report covering the period from the date that is fifteen
42	(15) days before the date of the election through December 31



1	of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision
2	must:
3	(A) provide cumulative totals from January 1 through
4	December 31 of the year of the report; and
5	(B) be filed not later than the deadline specified in section
6	10 of this chapter.
7	SECTION 6. IC 3-9-5-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. (a) This section:
9	(1) applies to a candidate for nomination to an office in a
10	convention who becomes a candidate less than twenty-five (25)
11	days before the nomination date for a candidate chosen at a
12	convention; and
13	(2) does not apply to a candidate for nomination to a state
14	office by a major political party at a convention conducted
15	under IC 3-8-4.
16	(b) A candidate is not required to file a report in accordance with
17	section $6(a)(1)$ of this chapter. The candidate shall file the candidate's
18	first report not later than noon twenty (20) days after the nomination
19	date for a candidate chosen at a convention.
20	(c) The reporting period for the first report required for a candidate
21	begins on the date that the individual became a candidate and ends on
22	the day following the adjournment of the convention.
23	SECTION 7. IC 3-9-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in
25	subsections (b) and (c), in a year in which a candidate is not a
26	candidate for election to an office to which this article applies or does
27	not seek nomination at a caucus or state convention for election to an
28	office to which this article applies, the treasurer of the candidate's
29	committee shall file only the report required by section 10 of this
30	chapter.
31	(b) This subsection applies to a candidate who holds one (1) office
32	and is a candidate for a different office (or has filed a statement of
33	organization for an exploratory committee without indicating that the
34	individual is a candidate for a specific office). The treasurer of the
35	candidate's committee for the office the candidate holds shall file the
36	following reports:
37	(1) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least
38	ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from January 1 until twenty-five
39	(25) days before the primary election, the treasurer shall file a
40	preprimary report under section 6 of this chapter.
41	(2) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least

ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from twenty-five (25) days before



1	the primary election until twenty-five (25) days before the general
2	election, the treasurer shall file a pregeneral election report under
3	section 6 of this chapter.
4	(3) The report required under section 10 of this chapter.
5	(c) This subsection applies to a candidate who is required to file a
6	preprimary report or preconvention report under section 6 of this
7	chapter and who:
8	(1) is defeated at the primary election or convention; or
9	(2) withdraws or is disqualified as a candidate before the general
10	election.
11	The treasurer of a candidate's committee described by this subsection
12	is not required to file a pregeneral election report under section 6 of
13	this chapter but shall file the report required by section 10 of this
14	chapter.
15	(d) This subsection applies to a candidate for election to a city office
16	or a town office. If a municipal primary is not conducted in the
17	municipality by one (1) or more parties authorized to conduct a
18	primary, the candidate must file a report in accordance with the
19	schedule set forth in section 6 of this chapter as if the primary were
20	conducted. If a municipal election is not conducted in the municipality,
21	the candidate must file a report in accordance with section 6 of this
22	chapter as if the municipal election were conducted.
23	(e) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee of a
24	candidate for a state office. For a year in which an election to the
25	state office is not held, the treasurer of a candidate's committee
26	shall file the following reports in addition to any other report
27	required by this article:
28	(1) A report covering the period from January 1 through June
29	30 of the year of the report. A report required by this
30	subdivision must be filed not later than noon July 15 of the
31	year covered by the report.
32	(2) A report covering the period from July 1 through
33	December 31 of the year of the report. A report required by
34	this subdivision must:
35	(A) provide cumulative totals from January 1 through
36	December 31 of the year of the report; and
37	(B) be filed by the deadline specified in section 10 of this
38	chapter.
39	SECTION 8. IC 3-9-5-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 10. (a) The treasurer of each
41	committee shall file a report each year that is complete as of December
42	31 of the previous year and covers the period since the last report. This



1	annual report is due by noon:	
2	(1) the third Wednesday in January, in the case of:	
3	(A) a candidate's committee;	
4	(B) a legislative caucus committee; or	
5	(C) a political action committee; or	
6	(2) March 1, in the case of a regular party committee.	
7	(b) A candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office that	
8	files a report:	
9	(1) under section 6(e)(5) or 9(e)(2) of this chapter; and	
10	(2) by the deadline specified under subsection (a) for filing a	4
11	candidate's committee report;	
12	is not required to file an additional report under this section.	
13	SECTION 9. IC 3-9-5-20.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 20.1. (a) This section:	
15	(1) applies only to a large contribution that is received by a	
16	candidate, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the	4
17	candidate's committee; and	
18	(2) does not apply to a candidate for a state office, the	
19	candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's	
20	committee.	
21	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:	
22	(1) A primary election.	
23	(2) A general election.	
24	(3) A municipal election.	
25	(4) A special election.	
26	(5) For candidates nominated at a state convention, the state	
27	convention.	1
28	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means contributions:	\
29	(1) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and	
30	(2) that are received:	
31	(A) not more than twenty-five (25) days before an election;	
32	and	
33	(B) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.	
34	(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a	
35	supplemental large contribution report with the election division or a	
36	county election board not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the	
37	contribution is received. A candidate for a legislative office shall file	
38	a report required by this section with the election division and the	
39	county election board as required by section 3 of this chapter. A report	
40	filed under this section may be filed by facsimile (fax) transmission.	

(e) A report required by subsection (d) must contain the following



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information for each large contribution:

1	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
2	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
3	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
4	individual's occupation.
5	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
6	(5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large
7	contribution were received by the treasurer, the candidate, or the
8	candidate's committee.
9	(f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report required
10	by this section.
11	SECTION 10. IC 3-9-5-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
13	1, 2005]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only to a large
14	contribution that is received by a candidate for a state office, the
15	candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's
16	committee.
17	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the
18	following:
19	(1) For a candidate nominated at a primary election, the
20	primary election.
21	(2) For a candidate nominated at a state convention, the state
22	convention.
23	(3) A general election.
24	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means either of
25	the following:
26	(1) Contributions:
27	(A) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
28	(B) that are received:
29	(i) after the end of a reporting period and before the
30	deadline for the candidate's committee to file a report
31	under section 6 of this chapter; and
32 33	(ii) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
34	(2) A single contribution that is at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) that is received at any time.
3 4 35	(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a
36	supplemental large contribution report with the election division
37	not later than:
38	(1) forty-eight (48) hours after a contribution described by
39	subsection (c)(1) is received; or
40	(2) noon seven (7) days after a contribution described by
41	subsection (c)(2) is received.
42	(e) A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile
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1	transmission or as an electronic report when the requirements of
2	IC 3-9-4 or this chapter have been met. A report required by
3	subsection (d) must contain the following information for each
4	large contribution:
5	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
6	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
7	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
8	individual's occupation.
9	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
10	(5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large
11	contribution described in subsection (c)(1) or a large
12	contribution described in subsection (c)(2) were received by
13	the treasurer, the candidate, or the candidate's committee.
14	(f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report
15	required by this section.
16	SECTION 11. IC 3-10-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) This
18	subsection applies before January 1, 2004. A person who will be a
19	voter at the general election for which the primary is being held and
20	whose name does not appear on the registration record or on the
21	certified copy of the registration record in a county with a computerized
22	registration system may vote if the circuit court clerk or board of
23	registration provides a signed certificate of error under IC 3-7-48
24	showing that the person is a registered voter of the precinct.
25	(b) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. A person who
26	will be a voter at the general election for which the primary is being
27	held and whose name does not appear on the registration record of the
28	precinct or on the certified copy of the registration record prepared
29	under IC 3-7-29 may
30	(1) vote a regular official ballot if the county voter registration
31	office provides a signed certificate of error or in accordance with
32	IC 3-7-48, showing that the voter is registered in the precinct
33	where the voter resides and offers to vote, produces an
34	affidavit executed under IC 3-10-11 if the voter executed an
35	affidavit under that chapter, or makes an oral or written
36	affirmation under IC 3-10-12. However, if the voter is then
37	challenged under section 10.5 of this chapter, the voter must
38	(2) cast a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7, as provided by 42

SECTION 12. IC 3-10-1-10.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.5. (a) This

U.S.C. 15482 instead of a regular official ballot if the voter



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41 42 wishes to cast a ballot.

1	section applies after December 31, 2003.
2	(b) (a) This section does not apply to a voter who is challenged
3	under section 10 of this chapter on the basis of party affiliation.
4	(c) (b) In accordance with 42 U.S.C. 15482, a voter challenged
5	under this chapter is entitled to must cast a provisional ballot under
6	IC 3-11.7 instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to
7	cast a ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot
8	after executing the affidavit under section 9 of this chapter.
9	SECTION 13. IC 3-10-1-24.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24.5. (a) This section
11	does not apply to a precinct in a county with a computerized
12	registration system whose inspector was:
13	(1) furnished with a list certified under IC 3-7-29; and
14	(2) not furnished with a certified photocopy of the signature on
15	the affidavit of registration of each voter of the precinct for the
16	comparison of signatures under this section.
17	(b) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct
18	election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on
19	the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature
20	provided under section 7 of this chapter. If the board determines that
21	the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular
22	official ballot, unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under
23	this section or was challenged under this chapter before signing the
24	poll list.
25	(c) If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following the
26	comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in
27	the manner prescribed by IC 3-11-8. If the poll clerk executes a
28	challenger's affidavit under this section, the voter must be
29	provided with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official
30	ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to
31	cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's
32	affidavit under section 10.5 of this chapter.
33	(d) If the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit under
34	IC 3-11-8-21, or if the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit
35	under IC 3-11-8-22, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot
36	unless the voter was challenged under this chapter before signing
37	the poll list.
38	(d) (e) This section expires January 1, 2006.
39	SECTION 14. IC 3-10-1-24.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24.6. (a) This section

(b) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct



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applies after December 31, 2005.

election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under section 7 of this chapter. If the board determines that the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.

(c) If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following the comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by IC 3-11-8. If the poll clerk executes a challenger's affidavit under this section, the voter must be provided with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 10.5 of this chapter.

(d) If the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit under IC 3-11-8-21, or if the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under IC 3-11-8-22, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.

SECTION 15. IC 3-10-10-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. If a voter executes an affidavit under this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The affidavit executed under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

SECTION 16. IC 3-10-11-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4.5. If a voter executes an affidavit under this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The affidavit executed under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

SECTION 17. IC 3-10-12-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. If a voter makes an oral or written affirmation under this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be

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provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The oral or written affirmation made under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

SECTION 18. IC 3-11-1.5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) If the co-directors or designated employee election division determines that the proposed precinct establishment order would comply with this chapter, the co-directors shall advise the county executive that the co-directors will recommend that the commission approve the proposed order based on the order's compliance election division shall issue an order authorizing the county executive to establish the proposed precincts.

- (b) The order issued by the election division under subsection (a) must state that the election division finds that the proposed precincts would comply with the standards set forth in this chapter. The election division shall promptly provide a copy of the order to the county executive.
- (c) The county executive must give notice of the proposed order to the voters of the county by one (1) publication under IC 5-3-1-4. The notice must state the following:
 - (1) The name of each existing precinct whose boundaries would be changed by the adoption of the proposed order by the county.
 - (2) That any registered voter of the county may object to the proposed order by filing a sworn statement with the election division setting forth the voter's specific objections to the proposed order and requesting that a hearing be conducted by the commission under IC 4-21.5.
 - (3) The mailing address of the election division.
 - (4) The deadline for filing the objection with the election division under this section.
- (d) An objection to a proposed precinct establishment order must be filed not later than noon ten (10) days after the publication of the notice by the county executive.
- (e) If an objection is not filed with the election division by the date and time specified under subsection (d), the election division shall promptly notify the county executive. The county executive may proceed immediately to adopt the proposed order.
- (f) If an objection is filed with the election division by the date and time specified under subsection (d), the election division shall promptly notify the county executive. The county executive may











1	not adopt the proposed order until the commission conducts a
2	hearing under IC 4-21.5 and determines whether the proposed
3	precincts would comply with the standards set forth in this
4	chapter.
5	SECTION 19. IC 3-11-1.5-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. When a county
7	executive receives a proposed order approved by:
8	(1) the election division; or
9	(2) the commission under section 18(f) of this chapter, the county
10	executive may issue the order.
11	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-1.5-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. Not later than
13	fourteen (14) days following notice of final approval of a precinct
14	establishment order by the commission under section 18(f) of this
15	chapter, the county executive shall give notice of the approval by one
16	(1) publication under IC 5-3-1-4.
17	SECTION 21. IC 3-11-1.5-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) This
19	section applies to a proposed precinct establishment order that
20	requires that a hearing by the commission be conducted under this
21	chapter.
22	(b) After the co-directors have election division has reviewed the
23	proposed precinct establishment order, and the order has been revised,
24	if necessary, to comply with this chapter, the commission shall:
25	(1) approve a proposed precinct establishment order under this
26	section no not later than the following January 31; and
27	(2) order that the precinct establishment order takes effect January
28	31 of the year in which the municipal election will be held.
29	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-8-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) When the
31	hour for closing the polls occurs, the precinct election board shall
32	permit all voters who:
33	(1) have passed the challengers and who are waiting to announce
34	their names to the poll clerks for the purpose of signing the poll
35	list;
36	(2) have signed the poll list but who have not voted; or
37	(3) are in the act of voting;
38	to vote. In addition, the inspector shall require all voters who have not
39	yet passed the challengers to line up in single file within the chute. The
40	poll clerks shall record the names of the voters in the chute, and these
41	voters may vote unless otherwise prevented according to law.



(b) This subsection applies

	(1) 0 5 1 01 0000	
1	(1) after December 31, 2003; and	
2	(2) if a court order (or other order) has been issued to extend the	
3	hours that the polls are open under section 8 of this chapter.	
4	As provided in 42 U.S.C. 15482, the inspector shall identify the voters	
5	who would not otherwise be eligible to vote after the closing of the	
6	polls under subsection (a) and shall provide a provisional ballot to the	
7	voter voters in accordance with IC 3-11.7.	
8	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-8-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) Only the	_
10	following persons are permitted in the polls during an election:	
11	(1) Members of a precinct election board.	
12	(2) Poll clerks and assistant poll clerks.	
13	(3) Election sheriffs.	
14	(4) Deputy election commissioners.	
15	(5) Pollbook holders.	_
16	(6) Watchers.	4
17	(7) Voters for the purposes of voting.	
18	(8) Minor children accompanying voters as provided under	
19	IC 3-11-11-8 and IC 3-11-12-29.	
20	(9) An assistant to a precinct election officer appointed under	
21	IC 3-6-6-39.	
22	(10) An individual authorized to assist a voter in accordance with	
23	IC 3-11-9.	
24	(11) A member of a county election board, acting on behalf of the	
25	board.	
26	(12) A mechanic authorized to act on behalf of a county election	
27	board to repair a voting system (if the mechanic bears credentials	
28	signed by each member of the board).	
29	(13) Either of the following who have been issued credentials	
30	signed by the members of the county election board:	
31	(A) The county chairman of a political party.	
32	(B) The county vice chairman of a political party.	
33	(14) The secretary of state, as chief election officer of the	
34	state, unless the individual serving as secretary of state is a	
35	candidate for nomination or election to an office at the	
36	election.	
37	(b) This subsection applies to a simulated election for minors	
38	conducted with the authorization of the county election board. An	
39	individual participating in the simulated election may be in the polls for	
40	the purpose of voting. A person supervising the simulated election may	
41	be in the polls to perform the supervision.	
42	(c) The inspector of a precinct has authority over all simulated	



election activities conducted under subsection (b) and shall ensure that									
the	simulated	election	activities	do	not	interfere	with	the	election
conducted in that polling place.									

SECTION 24. IC 3-11-8-22.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 22.1. (a) This subsection applies to a voter:**

- (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct; and
- (2) who produces a certificate of error issued under IC 3-7-48-1.

If the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-7-48-1(b), if the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot after complying with IC 3-7-48-1(b) if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (b) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct; and
 - (2) who makes an oral or a written affirmation in compliance with IC 3-7-48-5 that the voter and continues to reside in the precinct at the address shown as the voter's former residence in the voter registration record.

If the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-7-48-7.5, if the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot after complying with IC 3-7-48-7.5 if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (c) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct; and
 - (2) who produces a registration receipt that complies with IC 3-7-48-7.

If the county election board provides the precinct election board with the information required under IC 3-7-48-7(2), and the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-7-48-7.5, is the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot after complying with IC 3-7-48-7.5 if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.





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1	(d) This subsection applies to a voter:
2	(1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the
3	precinct;
4	(2) who is not described by subsection (a), (b), or (c).
5	After the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the
6	voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7
7	instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a
8	ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after
9	executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this
10	chapter if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.
11	(e) This subsection applies to a voter:
12	(1) whose name appears on the poll list for the precinct; and
13	(2) who no longer resides in the precinct, but is entitled to vote
14	at the precinct under IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11, or IC 3-10-12.
15	If the voter executes an affidavit in compliance with IC 3-10-10,
16	IC 3-10-11, or IC 3-10-12, and the voter is not challenged under
17	IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a
18	regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-10-10-9,
19	IC 3-10-11-4.5, or IC 3-10-12-5, if the voter is challenged under
20	IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot
21	if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.
22	(f) This subsection applies to a voter:
23	(1) whose name appears on the poll list for the precinct;
24	(2) who is not described in subsection (e).
25	If the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter
26	shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 instead
27	of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The
28	voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a
29	challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter if the
30	voter wishes to cast a ballot.
31	SECTION 25. IC 3-11-8-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. (a) As
33	provided by IC 3-7-48-7.5, IC 3-10-10-9, IC 3-10-11-4.5, and
34	IC 3-10-12-5, if a challenged voter has already made an affirmation
35	or executed an affidavit under any of those sections, the challenged
36	voter is not required to execute an additional affidavit under this
37	section.
38	(b) The affidavit of a challenged voter required by section 22 of this
39	chapter must be sworn and affirmed and must contain the following:
40	(1) A statement that the voter is a citizen of the United States.
41	(2) The voter's date of birth to the best of the voter's information



and belief.

1	(3) A statement that the voter has been a resident of the precinct	
2	for thirty (30) days immediately before this election or is qualified	
3	to vote in the precinct under IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11, or	
4	IC 3-10-12.	
5	(4) The voter's name and a statement that the voter is generally	
6	known by that name.	
7	(5) A statement that the voter has not voted and will not vote in	
8	any other precinct in this election.	
9	(6) The voter's occupation.	
10	(7) The voter's current residential address, including the street or	
11	number and if applicable, the voter's residential address thirty	
12	(30) days before the election, and the date the voter moved.	
13	(8) A statement that the voter understands that making a false	
14	statement on the affidavit is punishable under the penalties of	
15	perjury.	
16	(9) After December 31, 2003, If the individual's name does not	
17	appear on the registration list, and the individual is not entitled to	
18	vote under IC 3-7-48-1, IC 3-7-48-5, IC 3-7-48-7, IC 3-10-10,	
19	IC 3-10-11-2, or IC 3-10-12, a statement that the individual	
20	registered to vote and where the individual believes the individual	
21	registered to vote during the registration period described by:	
22	(A) IC 3-7-13-10; or	
23	(B) IC 3-7-36-11, if the voter registered under that section.	
24	SECTION 26. IC 3-11-8-23.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23.5. (a) This	
26	section applies after December 31, 2003.	
27	(b) In accordance with 42 U.S.C. 15482, a voter challenged under	,
28	section 21 of this chapter is entitled to cast a provisional ballot under	
29	$\frac{1C}{3-11.7}$ instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to	
30	cast a ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot	
31	after executing the affidavit under section 23 of this chapter.	
32	SECTION 27. IC 3-11-8-25, AS AMENDED BY SEA 483-2005,	
33	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
34	JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), a	
35	voter who desires to vote an official ballot at an election shall provide	
36	proof of identification.	
37	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds	
38	to vote in the election, a member of the precinct election board shall	
39	ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall produce	
40	the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.	
41	(c) If:	

(1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of



1	identification; or	
2	(2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the	
3	proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as	
4	proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;	
5	a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as	
6	prescribed by this chapter.	
7	(d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section	
8	22 of this chapter, the voter may:	
9	(1) sign the poll list; and	
10	(2) receive a provisional ballot.	
11	(e) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is	
12	located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides is not	
13	required to provide proof of identification before voting in an election.	
14	(f) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in, the	
15	voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board to	
16	proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. The voter	
17	shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll	
18	clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct	
19	election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll	
20	list:	
21	(1) The voter's name.	
22	(2) The voter's current residence address.	
23	(g) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the	
24	precinct election board shall:	
25	(1) ask the voter to provide the voter's voter identification	
26	number;	
27	(2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter	
28	identification number; and	
29	(3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide a	
30	voter identification number at the polls.	
31	(h) The poll clerk or assistant poll clerk shall examine the list	
32	provided under IC 3-7-29-1 or IC 3-11-3-18 to determine if the county	
33	election board has indicated that the voter is required to provide	
34	additional personal identification under 42 U.S.C. 15483 and	
35	IC 3-7-33-4.5 before voting in person. If the list (or a certification	
36	concerning absentee voters under IC 3-11-10-12) indicates that the	
37	voter is required to present this identification before voting in person,	
38	the poll clerk shall advise the voter that the voter must present, in	
39	addition to the proof of identification required under subsection (b), a	

piece of identification described in subsection (i) to the poll clerk.

(i) As required by 42 U.S.C. 15483, in addition to the proof of

identification required under subsection (b), a voter described by



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1	IC 3-7-33-4.5 who has not complied with IC 3-7-33-4.5 before
2	appearing at the polls on election day must present one (1) of the
3	following documents to the poll clerk:
4	(1) a current and valid photo identification; or
5	(2) a current utility bill, bank statement, government check,
6	paycheck, or government document that shows the name and
7	address of the voter.
8	(j) If a voter presents a document under subsection (i), the poll clerk
9	shall add a notation to the list indicating the type of document
10	presented by the voter. The election division shall prescribe a
11	standardized coding system to classify documents presented under this
12	subsection for entry into the county voter registration system.
13	(k) If a voter required to present documentation under subsection (i)
14	is unable to present the documentation to the poll clerk while present
15	in the polls, the poll clerk shall notify the precinct election board. The
16	board shall provide a provisional ballot to the voter under IC 3-11.7-2.
17	(l) The precinct election board shall advise the voter that the voter
18	may file a copy of the documentation with the county voter registration
19	office to permit the provisional ballot to be counted under IC 3-11.7.
20	(m) This subsection does not apply to a precinct in a county with a
21	computerized registration system whose inspector was:
22	(1) furnished with a list certified under IC 3-7-29; and
23	(2) not furnished with a certified photocopy of the signature on
24	the affidavit of registration of each voter of the precinct for the
25	comparison of signatures under this section.
26	In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election
27	board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the
28	affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided
29	under IC 3-7-29. If the board determines that the voter's signature is
30	authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the
31	voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or has been
32	previously challenged under this chapter. If either poll clerk doubts
33	the voter's identity following comparison of the signatures, the poll
34	clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by section 21
35	of this chapter.
36	(n) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (m), the poll clerk
37	executes a challenger's affidavit, the voter must be provided with
38	a provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the voter

wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional

ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section

(n) (o) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (m),

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41 42 22 of this chapter.

1	(1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit, or
2	(2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section
3	22 of this chapter or had executed the affidavit before signing the
4	poll list;
5	the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was
6	challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.
7	(v) (p) This section expires January 1, 2006.
8	SECTION 28. IC 3-11-8-25.1, AS AMENDED BY SEA 483-2005,
9	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 25.1. (a) This section applies after December 31,
11	2005.
12	(b) Except as provided in subsection (f), a voter who desires to vote
13	an official ballot at an election shall provide proof of identification.
14	(c) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the voter proceeds
15	to vote in the election, a member of the precinct election board shall
16	ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall produce
17	the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.
18	(d) If:
19	(1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of
20	identification; or
21	(2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the
22	proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as
23	proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;
24	a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as
25	prescribed by this chapter.
26	(e) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section
27	22 of this chapter, the voter may:
28	(1) sign the poll list; and
29	(2) receive a provisional ballot.
30	(f) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is
31	located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides is not
32	required to provide proof of identification before voting in an election.
33	(g) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in,
34	the voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board
35	to proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. The voter
36	shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll
37	clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct
38	election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll
39	list:
40	(1) The voter's name.
41	(2) Except as provided in subsection (1), (m), the voter's current
42	residence address.



1	(h) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the	
2	precinct election board shall:	
3	(1) ask the voter to provide or update the voter's voter	
4	identification number;	
5	(2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter	
6	identification number; and	
7	(3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide or	
8	update a voter identification number at the polls.	
9	(i) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the	
10	precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of	
11	identification.	
12	(j) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct	•
13	election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on	
14	the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature	
15	provided under IC 3-7-29. If the board determines that the voter's	
16	signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot	4
17	unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or	
18	was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list. If	
19	either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following comparison of the	
20	signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner	
21	prescribed by section 21 of this chapter.	
22	(k) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (h), the poll clerk	
23	executes a challenger's affidavit, then the voter must be provided	
24	with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the	
25	voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a	
26	provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit	_
27	under section 22 of this chapter.	
28	(k) (l) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (h):	,
29	(1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit or	
30	(2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section	
31	22 of this chapter or executed the affidavit before signing the poll	
32	list,	
33	the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was	
34	challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.	
35	(1) (m) Each line on a poll list sheet provided to take a voter's	
36	current address must include a box under the heading "Address	
37	Unchanged" so that a voter whose residence address shown on the poll	
38	list is the voter's current residence address may check the box instead	
39	of writing the voter's current residence address on the poll list.	
40	SECTION 29. IC 3-11-8-27.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27.5. (a) This



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section applies after December 31, 2003.

(b) In accordance with 42 U.S.C. 15482, a voter challenged under section 27 of this chapter is entitled to must cast a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot. The voter may then proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing the affidavit under section 23 of this chapter.

SECTION 30. IC 3-11-10-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

SECTION 30. IC 3-11-10-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.5. (a) This section applies after December 31, 2003.

- (b) (a) Upon receipt of an absentee ballot from a voter required to provide additional information to the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5, the county election board shall contact the county voter registration office to determine if the additional information has been filed with the office by the voter.
- (c) (b) If the voter has filed the information with the county voter registration office, the county election board shall add a notation to the application indicating that the required information has been filed and that the absentee ballot may be counted if the ballot otherwise complies with this article.
- (d) (c) If the voter has not filed the information with the county voter registration office, the county election board shall add a notation on the application filed by a voter described under subsection (e) subsection (b) and on the envelope provided under this chapter reading substantially as follows:

"INSPECTOR: AS OF (insert date absentee ballot application approved) THIS VOTER WAS REQUIRED TO FILE ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION WITH THE COUNTY VOTER REGISTRATION OFFICE BEFORE THIS BALLOT MAY BE COUNTED. CHECK THE POLL LIST AND COUNTY ELECTION BOARD CERTIFICATION TO SEE IF THE VOTER HAS FILED THIS INFORMATION. IF NOT, PROCESS AS A PROVISIONAL BALLOT IF THIS BALLOT OTHERWISE COMPLIES WITH INDIANA LAW.".

SECTION 31. IC 3-11-10-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) On election day each circuit court clerk (or an agent of the clerk) shall visit the appropriate post office to accept delivery of absentee envelopes at the latest possible time that will permit delivery of the ballots to the appropriate precinct election boards before 6 p.m.

(b) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. Not later than noon on election day, the county voter registration office shall visit the appropriate post office to accept delivery of mail containing

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1	documentation submitted by a voter to comply with IC 3-7-33-4.5. The
2	office shall immediately notify the county election board regarding the
3	filing of this documentation to permit the board to provide certification
4	of this filing to the appropriate precinct election boards before 6 p.m.
5	SECTION 32. IC 3-11-10-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Each county
7	election board shall have all absentee ballots delivered to the precinct
8	election boards at their respective polls on election day.
9	(b) The absentee ballots shall be delivered during the hours that the
10	polls are open and in sufficient time to enable the precinct election
11	boards to vote the ballots during the time the polls are open.
12	(c) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. Along with the
13	absentee ballots delivered to the precinct election boards under
14	subsection (a), each county election board shall provide a list certified
15	by the circuit court clerk. This list must state the name of each voter
16	subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 who:
17	(1) filed the documentation required by IC 3-7-33-4.5 with the
18	county voter registration office after the printing of the certified
19	list under IC 3-7-29 or the poll list under IC 3-11-3-18; and
20	(2) as a result, is entitled to have the voter's absentee ballot
21	counted if the ballot otherwise complies with this title.
22	(d) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. If the county
23	election board is notified not later than 3 p.m. on election day by the
24	county voter registration office that a voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 and
25	not identified in the list certified under subsection (c) has filed
26	documentation with the office that complies with IC 3-7-33-4.5, the
27	county election board shall transmit a supplemental certified list to the
28	appropriate precinct election board. If the board determines that the
29	supplemental list may not be received before the closing of the polls,
30	the board shall:
31	(1) attempt to contact the precinct election board to inform the
32	board regarding the content of the supplemental list; and
33	(2) file a copy of the supplemental list for that precinct as part of
34	the permanent records of the board.

- (e) This subsection applies to a special write-in absentee ballot described in:
 - (1) 42 U.S.C. 1973ff for federal offices; and
 - (2) IC 3-11-4-12(d) for state offices.

If the county election board receives both a special write-in absentee ballot and the regular absentee ballot described by IC 3-11-4-12 from the same voter, the county election board shall reject the special write-in ballot and deliver only the regular absentee ballot to the



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1	precinct election board.
2	SECTION 33. IC 3-11-10-16.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16.5. (a) This
4	section applies after December 31, 2003.
5	(b) If the inspector finds under section 16(a) of this chapter that the
6	voter has not filed the additional information required to be filed with
7	the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5, but that all of
8	the other findings listed under section 16(a) of this chapter apply, the
9	inspector shall direct that the absentee ballot be processed as a
10	provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.
11	SECTION 34. IC 3-11-10-28 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) A voter
13	voting before an absentee voter board shall mark the voter's ballot in
14	the presence of the board, but not in such a manner that either of the
15	members of the board can see for whom the voter voted, unless the
16	voter requests the help of the board in marking a ballot under
17	IC 3-11-9.
18	(b) The voter shall then, in the presence of the board, place the
19	ballot in an envelope furnished by the county election board.
20	(c) The circuit court clerk shall provide, to the extent practicable,
21	the same degree of privacy to absentee voters voting at the office of the
22	circuit court clerk as provided to voters at the polls on election day.
23	(d) This subsection applies to a voter required to present additional
24	information under IC 3-7-33-4.5. If the voter does not present the
25	required additional information before receiving the absentee ballot,
26	the absentee ballot shall be processed in accordance with $\frac{4.5(d)}{d}$
27	section 4.5(c) of this chapter.
28	(e) Upon accepting the completed absentee ballot from the voter, the
29	board shall provide the voter with a notice:
30	(1) listing the documentation the voter may submit to the county
31	voter registration office to comply with IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
32	(2) stating the address and hours of the county voter registration
33	office.
34	SECTION 35. IC 3-11-10-35 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. (a) After
36	December 31, 2003, This section does not apply to an absentee ballot
37	required to be treated as a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

(b) If an envelope containing an absentee ballot has not been opened

SECTION 36. IC 3-11.5-4-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

before the close of the polls, then the envelope may not be opened

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) If the



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without an order of a court.

1	absentee ballot counters find under section 11 of this chapter that:
2	(1) the affidavit is properly executed;
3	(2) the signatures correspond;
4	(3) the absentee voter is a qualified voter of the precinct;
5	(4) the absentee voter is registered and after December 31, 2003
6	is not required to file additional information with the county votes
7	registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5;
8	(5) the absentee voter has not voted in person at the election; and
9	(6) in case of a primary election, if the absentee voter has no
10	previously voted, the absentee voter has executed the proper
11	declaration relative to age and qualifications and the politica
12	party with which the absentee voter intends to affiliate;
13	the absentee ballot counters shall open the envelope containing the
14	absentee ballots so as not to deface or destroy the affidavit and take ou
15	each ballot enclosed without unfolding or permitting a ballot to be
16	unfolded or examined.
17	(b) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. If the absented
18	ballot counters find under subsection (a) that the voter has not filed the
19	additional information required to be filed with the county votes
20	registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5, but that all of the other findings
21	listed under subsection (a) apply, the absentee ballot shall be processed
22	as a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.
23	(c) The absentee ballot counters shall then deposit the ballots in a
24	secure envelope with the name of the precinct set forth on the outside
25	of the envelope. After the absentee ballot counters or the county
26	election board has made the findings described in subsection (a) or
27	section 13 of this chapter for all absentee ballots of the precinct, the
28	absentee ballot counters shall remove all the ballots deposited in the
29	envelope under this section for counting under IC 3-11.5-5 or
30	IC 3-11.5-6.
31	SECTION 37. IC 3-11.5-4-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) If an
33	absentee ballot is challenged under section 15 of this chapter, the
34	absentee voter's application for an absentee ballot shall be considered
35	as the affidavit required to be made by a voter when challenged at the
36	polls while voting in person. In all other respects, the challenge
37	procedure is the same as though the ballot was cast by the voter in
38	person.
39	(b) If a proper affidavit by a qualified person in the form required by
40	IC 3-11-8-22 IC 3-11-8-22.1 is made that would entitle the absented

voter to vote if the absentee voter had personally appeared, the couriers

shall return the affidavit to the county election board in the same



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1	envelope as the certificate returned under section 9 of this chapter.
2	(c) The absentee ballot cast by the challenged voter shall be counted
3	if the county election board makes the findings required under section
4	11 of this chapter.
5	SECTION 38. IC 3-11.7-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) As provided
7	by 42 U.S.C. 15482, this section applies to the following individuals:
8	(1) An individual:
9	(A) whose name does not appear on the registration list; and
10	(B) who is not permitted to vote challenged under IC 3-10-1
11	or IC 3-11-8 after the voter makes an oral or a written
12	affirmation under IC 3-7-48-5 or IC 3-7-48-7, or after the
13	voter produces a certificate of error under IC 3-7-48-1.
14	IC 3-7-48-5, IC 3-7-48-7, IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11-2, or
15	IC 3-10-12.
16	(2) An individual described by IC 3-10-1-10.5, IC 3-11-8-23.5, or
17	IC 3-11-8-27.5 who is challenged as not eligible to vote.
18	(3) An individual who seeks to vote in an election as a result of a
19	court order (or any other order) extending the time established for
20	closing the polls under IC 3-11-8-8.
21	(b) This subsection applies after December 31, 2003. As required
22	by 42 U.S.C. 15483, a voter who has registered to vote but has not:
23	(1) presented identification required under 42 U.S.C. 15483 to the
24	poll clerk before voting in person under IC 3-11-8-25; or
25	(2) filed a copy of the identification required under 42 U.S.C.
26	15483 to the county voter registration office before the voter's
27	absentee ballot is cast;
28	is entitled to vote a provisional ballot under this article.
29	(c) A precinct election officer shall inform an individual described
30	by subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) that the individual $may must$ cast a
31	provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the individual
32	wishes to cast a ballot. The individual may then proceed to cast a
33	provisional ballot if the individual:
34	(1) is eligible to vote under IC 3-7-13-1;
35	(2) submitted a voter registration application during the
36	registration period described by IC 3-7-13-10 (or IC 3-7-36-11, if
37	the voter registered under that section); and
38	(3) executes an affidavit described in IC 3-10-1-9 or IC 3-11-8-23.
39	(d) A precinct election officer shall inform an individual described
40	by subsection (a)(3) that the individual may must cast a provisional
41	ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the individual wishes to



cast a ballot.

SECTION 39. IC 3-11.7-5-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1.5. A provisional ballot that has been marked and cast by a voter in compliance with this title but may not otherwise be counted solely as the result of the act or failure to act of an election officer shall nevertheless be counted unless evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot is demonstrated. The act or failure to act by an election officer is not by itself evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot.

SECTION 40. IC 3-11.7-5-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 10. (a) If the counters cannot agree whether to count a ballot following a protest under section 9 of this chapter, the question shall be referred to the county election board for a decision.

(b) If both counters agree whether or not to count a ballot (either before or after a protest under section 9 of this chapter), the recommendation of the counting team shall be referred to the county election board. The county election board shall make the board's decision whether to count or not count the ballot in accordance with this title.

SECTION 41. IC 3-12-11-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. (a) Upon the filing of a petition for a recount or contest with the election division, the secretary of state shall issue a notice of the filing and pendency of the petition to each opposing candidate and deliver the notice to the state police department.

- (b) This subsection applies if an attorney has filed an appearance with the election division as the representative of a candidate. The state police shall serve the notice on the attorney for the candidate.
- (c) If subsection (b) does not apply, the state police department shall immediately serve the notice upon each opposing candidate in person or by leaving a copy at the last and usual place of residence.
- (d) The state police department shall make immediate return of the service under this section.

SECTION 42. IC 3-12-11-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. (a) This section applies if a cross-petition is filed under this chapter.

- (b) This subsection applies only to a recount of an election for nomination or election to either of the following:
 - (1) A legislative office in which, on the face of the election











1	returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the	
2	cross-petitioner and the petitioner with the greatest number of	
3	votes is not more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast	
4	for all candidates for the nomination or office.	
5	(2) An office other than a legislative office in which, on the face	
6	of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes	
7	cast for the cross-petitioner and the petitioner with the greatest	
8	number of votes is not more than one percent (1%) of the total	
9	votes cast for all candidates for the nomination or office.	
10	The cross-petitioner shall furnish a cash deposit equal to ten dollars	
11	(\$10) multiplied by the number of precincts that the cross-petitioner	
12	seeks to have recounted. The cash deposit shall be deposited in the	
13	state recount fund.	
14	(c) This subsection applies only to a recount of an election for	
15	nomination or election to either of the following:	
16	(1) A legislative office in which, on the face of the election	
17	returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the	
18	cross-petitioner and the petitioner with the greatest number of	
19	votes is more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all	
20	candidates for the nomination or office.	
21	(2) An office other than a legislative office in which, on the face	
22	of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes	
23	cast for the cross-petitioner and the petitioner with the greatest	
24	number of votes is more than one percent (1%) of the total votes	
25	cast for all candidates for the nomination or office.	
26	The cross-petitioner shall furnish a cash deposit equal to ten dollars	
27	(\$10) multiplied by the number of precincts that the cross-petitioner	
28	seeks to have recounted for the first ten (10) precincts recounted. For	
29	each precinct in excess of ten (10) the cross-petitioner seeks to have	
30	recounted, the cross-petitioner shall furnish an additional cash deposit	
31	equal to one hundred dollars (\$100) multiplied by the number of	
32	precincts in excess of ten (10) that the cross-petitioner seeks to have	
33	recounted. The cash deposit shall be deposited in the state recount	
34	fund.	
35	(d) If after a recount, it is determined that the cross-petitioner has	
36	been nominated or elected, the deposit furnished by the cross-petitioner	
37	shall be returned to the cross-petitioner in full.	
38	(e) Any unexpended balance remaining in a deposit after payment	
39	of the costs of the recount shall be deposited in the state recount fund.	
40	SECTION 43. IC 3-12-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as

provided in subsection (d) or (e), the state recount commission shall



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1	grant the petitions and cross-petitions that have been filed and order the
2	recount of the votes in the precincts upon:
3	(1) the filing of a petition and cash deposit or bond under this
4	chapter;
5	(2) the expiration of the period under section 4 of this chapter for
6	filing a cross-petition; and
7	(3) proof of service of all notices.
8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d), whenever a petition filed
9	under section 2 of this chapter requests a recount in all precincts in the
10	election district, the state recount commission may order a recount in
11	the precincts upon:
12	(1) the filing of a cash deposit or bond under this chapter; and
13	(2) proof of service of all notices.
14	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the state recount
15	commission shall grant a petition for a contest that has been filed and
16	order a contest proceeding upon:
17	(1) the filing of a petition under this chapter; and
18	(2) proof of service of all notices.
19	(d) Whenever a motion to dismiss a petition or cross-petition for a
20	recount or a petition for a contest is filed with the state recount
21	commission or is made by a member of the commission, the
22	commission shall rule on the motion to dismiss before ordering or
23	continuing with a recount or a contest. The motion to dismiss must:
24	(1) state that the petitioner or cross-petitioner has failed to comply
25	with this chapter; and
26	(2) specifically identify the requirement that the petitioner or
27	cross-petitioner has failed to comply with.
28	(e) Whenever the petitioner and each cross-petitioner or
29	respondent file a joint motion to dismiss a recount or contest, the
30	commission shall rule on the motion to dismiss before ordering or
31	continuing with a recount or contest.
32	SECTION 44. IC 3-12-11-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 13. If there is a
34	consolidation of petitions and cross-petitions, the state recount
35	commission shall by consolidated order grant the consolidated petitions
36	and cross-petitions and order a consolidated recount of all votes in each
37	precinct in the county election district for the office requested in the
38	petitions and cross-petitions.
39	SECTION 45. IC 3-12-11-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. The state recount
41	commission shall conduct a recount in each precinct designated in a

petition or cross-petition granted under this chapter that is in the



1	election district for the office. The commission may conduct a recount
2	in any precinct that cast votes for an office that is the subject of a
3	recount under this chapter if the precinct is within the election
4	district for the office.
5	SECTION 46. IC 3-12-11-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 16. (a) Except as
7	provided in subsection (b), the state recount commission may by order
8	impound and provide for the protection of the following:
9	(1) All ballots, voting machines, and electronic voting systems
10	used at the election for casting votes in the precincts.
11	(2) All tally sheets relating to the votes cast for the office.
12	(3) All poll lists of persons registered by the poll clerks as having
13	voted for the office.
14	any election records or equipment described by IC 3-12-10-5(a).
15	(b) In a recount of an election for a legislative office, the state
16	recount commission shall by order impound and provide for the
17	protection of the following:
18	(1) All ballots, voting machines, and electronic voting systems
19	used at the election for casting votes in all of the precincts within
20	the legislative district.
21	(2) All tally sheets relating to the votes cast for the office.
22	(3) All poll lists of persons registered by the poll clerks as having
23	voted for the office.
24	SECTION 47. IC 3-12-11-17.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 17.7. (a) This section
26	applies to ballots cast by any voting method.
27	(a) (b) Unless the state recount commission makes a finding under
28	subsection (b), subsection (c), the commission shall:
29	(1) count ballots in accordance with this article; and
30	(2) not order that all ballots in a precinct not be counted.
31	(b) (c) If:
32	(1) a party to the recount presents evidence of fraud, tampering,
33	or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot within a
34	precinct; and
35	(2) the commission determines that the fraud, tampering, or
36	misconduct within that precinct was so pervasive that it is
37	impossible for the commission to determine the approximate
38	number of votes that each candidate received in that precinct;
39	the commission may order that none of the ballots from that precinct
40	be counted.
41	SECTION 48. IC 5-4-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) Members of the general



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1	assembly shall take such the oath described by section 1 of this
2	chapter before taking their seats. which The oath shall be entered on
3	the journals. and
4	(b) The governor and lieutenant-governor shall each take such the
5	oath in presence of both houses of the general assembly in convention,
6	and described by section 1 of this chapter. The same oath shall be
7	entered on the journals thereof. of each chamber of the general
8	assembly.
9	SECTION 49. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
10	UPON PASSAGE]: IC 3-6-4.5-1; IC 3-11-8-22.
11	SECTION 50. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) IC 3-9-4-20, as
12	added by this act, applies to a committee that has been notified by
13	the election division of a proposed civil penalty under IC 3-9 before
14	January 1, 2006.
15	(b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2006.
16	SECTION 51. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions
17	in IC 3-5-2 apply throughout this SECTION.
18	(b) A county voter registration office may provide original
19	copies of the county's voter registration applications and other
20	voter registration records to:
21	(1) the state; or
22	(2) an entity acting as the state's agent under a contract
23	between the entity and the state;
24	for the purpose of optically scanning information set forth on the
25	applications and records so that this information can be included

established under IC 3-7-26.3.

(c) If a county voter registration office provides original copies to the state under this SECTION, the state and the state's agent shall take all necessary and prudent steps to safeguard and preserve the county records during the time the state or the state's agent has custody of these records. The state or the state's agent shall promptly return the original records to the county voter

in the statewide voter registration computerized list to be

shall promptly return the original records to the county voter registration office upon completing the optical scanning described in subsection (b).

(d) If a county voter registration office provides original records
 to the state or the state's agent under this SECTION, the county,
 the county voter registration office, the circuit court clerk, each
 member of the county board of registration, and each employee of

member of the county board of registration, and each employee of the county voter registration office are not liable, in either an official or individual capacity for any loss or damage that occurs

42 to the county voter registration records during the time the state



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1	or the state's agent have custody of these records. The state's agent
2	must assume full liability for any loss or damage to these records
3	before taking custody of these records from the county voter
4	registration office.

(e) This SECTION expires March 31, 2006.

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SECTION 52. An emergency is declared for this act.

C o p



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 480, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to Senate Bill 480 as introduced.)

LAWSON C, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred Senate Bill 480, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, between lines 18 and 19, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 3-7-48-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as otherwise provided by NVRA or in this chapter, a person whose name does not appear on the registration record may not vote a regular official ballot, unless the circuit court clerk or board of county voter registration office provides a signed certificate of error in the office where the permanent registration record is kept showing that the voter is legally registered in the precinct where the voter resides.

(b) A person whose name does not appear on the registration record may If a person who is provided with a certificate of error under this section is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8, the person must cast a provisional ballot as provided in IC 3-11.7: instead of a regular official ballot. The person may proceed to cast the provisional ballot after executing the affidavit required under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8.

SECTION 3. IC 3-7-48-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7.5. If a voter makes an oral or written affirmation under section 5 or 7 of this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The affidavit executed under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a

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provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.".

Page 2, line 32, delete ":".

Page 2, line 33, strike "(1)".

Page 2, line 33, after "vote" insert "a regular official ballot".

Page 2, line 34, delete ";".

Page 2, line 34, strike "or" and insert "in accordance with IC 3-7-48, showing that the voter is registered in the precinct where the voter resides and offers to vote, produces an affidavit executed under IC 3-10-11 if the voter executed an affidavit under that chapter, or makes an oral or written affirmation under IC 3-10-12. However, if the voter is then challenged under section 10.5 of this chapter, the voter must".

Page 2, line 35, strike "(2)".

Page 2, line 36, delete "15482." and insert "15482 instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.".

Page 3, line 1, strike "is entitled to" and insert "must".

Page 3, line 1, strike "under".

Page 3, line 2, strike "IC 3-11.7" and insert "instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot".

Page 3, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 6. IC 3-10-1-24.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24.5. (a) This section does not apply to a precinct in a county with a computerized registration system whose inspector was:

- (1) furnished with a list certified under IC 3-7-29; and
- (2) not furnished with a certified photocopy of the signature on the affidavit of registration of each voter of the precinct for the comparison of signatures under this section.
- (b) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under section 7 of this chapter. If the board determines that the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot, unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.
- (c) If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following the comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by IC 3-11-8. If the poll clerk executes a challenger's affidavit under this section, the voter must be provided with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official









ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 10.5 of this chapter.

- (d) If the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit under IC 3-11-8-21, or if the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under IC 3-11-8-22, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.
 - (d) (e) This section expires January 1, 2006.

SECTION 7. IC 3-10-1-24.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24.6. (a) This section applies after December 31, 2005.

- (b) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under section 7 of this chapter. If the board determines that the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.
- (c) If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following the comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by IC 3-11-8. If the poll clerk executes a challenger's affidavit under this section, the voter must be provided with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 10.5 of this chapter.
- (d) If the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit under IC 3-11-8-21, or if the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under IC 3-11-8-22, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.

SECTION 8. IC 3-10-10-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. If a voter executes an affidavit under this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The affidavit executed under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

SECTION 9. IC 3-10-11-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE









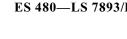


AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4.5. If a voter executes an affidavit under this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The affidavit executed under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

SECTION 10. IC 3-10-12-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. If a voter makes an oral or written affirmation under this chapter and is then challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 as ineligible to vote in the precinct, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 rather than a regular official ballot. The oral or written affirmation made under this chapter serves as a sufficient affidavit for the voter to receive a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7.

SECTION 11. IC 3-11-1.5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) If the co-directors or designated employee election division determines that the proposed precinct establishment order would comply with this chapter, the co-directors shall advise the county executive that the co-directors will recommend that the commission approve the proposed order based on the order's compliance election division shall issue an order authorizing the county executive to establish the proposed precincts.

- (b) The order issued by the election division under subsection (a) must state that the election division finds that the proposed precincts would comply with the standards set forth in this chapter. The election division shall promptly provide a copy of the order to the county executive.
- (c) The county executive must give notice of the proposed order to the voters of the county by one (1) publication under IC 5-3-1-4. The notice must state the following:
 - (1) The name of each existing precinct whose boundaries would be changed by the adoption of the proposed order by the county.
 - (2) That any registered voter of the county may object to the proposed order by filing a sworn statement with the election division setting forth the voter's specific objections to the proposed order and requesting that a hearing be conducted by the commission under IC 4-21.5.
 - (3) The mailing address of the election division.











- (4) The deadline for filing the objection with the election division under this section.
- (d) An objection to a proposed precinct establishment order must be filed not later than noon ten (10) days after the publication of the notice by the county executive.
- (e) If an objection is not filed with the election division by the date and time specified under subsection (d), the election division shall promptly notify the county executive. The county executive may proceed immediately to adopt the proposed order.
- (f) If an objection is filed with the election division by the date and time specified under subsection (d), the election division shall promptly notify the county executive. The county executive may not adopt the proposed order until the commission conducts a hearing under IC 4-21.5 and determines whether the proposed precincts would comply with the standards set forth in this chapter.

SECTION 12. IC 3-11-1.5-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. When a county executive receives a proposed order approved by:

- (1) the election division; or
- (2) the commission under section 18(f) of this chapter, the county executive may issue the order.

SECTION 13. IC 3-11-1.5-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. Not later than fourteen (14) days following notice of final approval of a precinct establishment order by the commission under section 18(f) of this chapter, the county executive shall give notice of the approval by one (1) publication under IC 5-3-1-4.

SECTION 14. IC 3-11-1.5-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31. (a) This section applies to a proposed precinct establishment order that requires that a hearing by the commission be conducted under this chapter.

- (b) After the co-directors have election division has reviewed the proposed precinct establishment order, and the order has been revised, if necessary, to comply with this chapter, the commission shall:
 - (1) approve a proposed precinct establishment order under this section no not later than the following January 31; and
 - (2) order that the precinct establishment order takes effect January 31 of the year in which the municipal election will be held.".

Page 3, between lines 23 and 24, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 15. IC 3-11-8-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS









FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) Only the following persons are permitted in the polls during an election:

- (1) Members of a precinct election board.
- (2) Poll clerks and assistant poll clerks.
- (3) Election sheriffs.
- (4) Deputy election commissioners.
- (5) Pollbook holders.
- (6) Watchers.
- (7) Voters for the purposes of voting.
- (8) Minor children accompanying voters as provided under IC 3-11-11-8 and IC 3-11-12-29.
- (9) An assistant to a precinct election officer appointed under IC 3-6-6-39.
- (10) An individual authorized to assist a voter in accordance with IC 3-11-9.
- (11) A member of a county election board, acting on behalf of the board.
- (12) A mechanic authorized to act on behalf of a county election board to repair a voting system (if the mechanic bears credentials signed by each member of the board).
- (13) Either of the following who have been issued credentials signed by the members of the county election board:
 - (A) The county chairman of a political party.
 - (B) The county vice chairman of a political party.
- (14) The secretary of state, as chief election officer of the state, unless the individual serving as secretary of state is a candidate for nomination or election to an office at the election.
- (b) This subsection applies to a simulated election for minors conducted with the authorization of the county election board. An individual participating in the simulated election may be in the polls for the purpose of voting. A person supervising the simulated election may be in the polls to perform the supervision.
- (c) The inspector of a precinct has authority over all simulated election activities conducted under subsection (b) and shall ensure that the simulated election activities do not interfere with the election conducted in that polling place.".
 - Page 4, line 3, strike "is entitled to" and insert "must".
- Page 4, line 3, strike "under IC 3-11.7" and insert "instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot".

Page 4, line 30, after "vote" insert "a regular official ballot".









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Page 4, line 40, strike "under".

Page 4, line 41, strike "IC 3-11.7" and insert "instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot".

Page 4, delete line 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 19. IC 3-11-8-25, AS AMENDED BY SEA 483-2005, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at an election shall provide proof of identification.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds to vote in the election, a member of the precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall produce the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.
 - (c) If:
 - (1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of identification; or
 - (2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;

a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as prescribed by this chapter.

- (d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter, the voter may:
 - (1) sign the poll list; and
 - (2) receive a provisional ballot.
- (e) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in an election.
- (f) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in, the voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board to proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. The voter shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll list:
 - (1) The voter's name.
 - (2) The voter's current residence address.
- (g) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall:
 - (1) ask the voter to provide the voter's voter identification number:

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- (2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter identification number; and
- (3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide a voter identification number at the polls.
- (h) The poll clerk or assistant poll clerk shall examine the list provided under IC 3-7-29-1 or IC 3-11-3-18 to determine if the county election board has indicated that the voter is required to provide additional personal identification under 42 U.S.C. 15483 and IC 3-7-33-4.5 before voting in person. If the list (or a certification concerning absentee voters under IC 3-11-10-12) indicates that the voter is required to present this identification before voting in person, the poll clerk shall advise the voter that the voter must present, in addition to the proof of identification required under subsection (b), a piece of identification described in subsection (i) to the poll clerk.
- (i) As required by 42 U.S.C. 15483, in addition to the proof of identification required under subsection (b), a voter described by IC 3-7-33-4.5 who has not complied with IC 3-7-33-4.5 before appearing at the polls on election day must present one (1) of the following documents to the poll clerk:
 - (1) a current and valid photo identification; or
 - (2) a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document that shows the name and address of the voter.
- (j) If a voter presents a document under subsection (i), the poll clerk shall add a notation to the list indicating the type of document presented by the voter. The election division shall prescribe a standardized coding system to classify documents presented under this subsection for entry into the county voter registration system.
- (k) If a voter required to present documentation under subsection (i) is unable to present the documentation to the poll clerk while present in the polls, the poll clerk shall notify the precinct election board. The board shall provide a provisional ballot to the voter under IC 3-11.7-2.
- (l) The precinct election board shall advise the voter that the voter may file a copy of the documentation with the county voter registration office to permit the provisional ballot to be counted under IC 3-11.7.
- (m) This subsection does not apply to a precinct in a county with a computerized registration system whose inspector was:
 - (1) furnished with a list certified under IC 3-7-29; and
 - (2) not furnished with a certified photocopy of the signature on the affidavit of registration of each voter of the precinct for the comparison of signatures under this section.

In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election







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board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under IC 3-7-29. If the board determines that the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or has been previously challenged under this chapter. If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by section 21 of this chapter.

- (n) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (m), the poll clerk executes a challenger's affidavit, the voter must be provided with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter.
 - (n) (o) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (m),
 - (1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit, or
 - (2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter or had executed the affidavit before signing the poll list;

the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.

(o) (p) This section expires January 1, 2006.

SECTION 20. IC 3-11-8-25.1, AS AMENDED BY SEA 483-2005, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 25.1. (a) This section applies after December 31, 2005.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (f), a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at an election shall provide proof of identification.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (f), before the voter proceeds to vote in the election, a member of the precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall produce the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.

(d) If:

- (1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of identification; or
- (2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;

a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as prescribed by this chapter.

(e) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section









22 of this chapter, the voter may:

- (1) sign the poll list; and
- (2) receive a provisional ballot.
- (f) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in an election.
- (g) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in, the voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board to proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. The voter shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll list:
 - (1) The voter's name.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (1), (m), the voter's current residence address.
- (h) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall:
 - (1) ask the voter to provide or update the voter's voter identification number;
 - (2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter identification number; and
 - (3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide or update a voter identification number at the polls.
- (i) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification.
- (j) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under IC 3-7-29. If the board determines that the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter is challenged by a poll clerk under this section or was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list. If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by section 21 of this chapter.
- (k) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (h), the poll clerk executes a challenger's affidavit, then the voter must be provided with a provisional ballot instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit









under section 22 of this chapter.

- (k) (l) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (h):
 - (1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit or
 - (2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter or executed the affidavit before signing the poll list;

the voter may then vote a regular official ballot unless the voter was challenged under this chapter before signing the poll list.

(1) (m) Each line on a poll list sheet provided to take a voter's current address must include a box under the heading "Address Unchanged" so that a voter whose residence address shown on the poll list is the voter's current residence address may check the box instead of writing the voter's current residence address on the poll list.".

Delete page 5.

Page 6, delete lines 1 through 28.

Page 6, line 33, strike "is entitled to" and insert "must".

Page 6, line 33, strike "under".

Page 6, line 34, strike "IC 3-11.7" and insert "instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot. The voter may then proceed to cast a provisional ballot".

Page 10, line 39, strike "may" and insert "must".

Page 10, line 40, after "ballot" insert "instead of a regular official ballot".

Page 10, line 40, delete ":" and insert "wishes to cast a ballot. The individual may then proceed to cast a provisional ballot if the individual:".

Page 11, line 5, strike "may" and insert "must".

Page 11, line 5, delete "." and insert "instead of a regular official ballot if the individual wishes to cast a ballot.".

Page 11, delete lines 6 through 40, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 29. IC 3-11.7-5-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 10. (a) If the counters cannot agree whether to count a ballot following a protest under section 9 of this chapter, the question shall be referred to the county election board for a decision.

(b) If both counters agree whether or not to count a ballot (either before or after a protest under section 9 of this chapter), the recommendation of the counting team shall be referred to the county election board. The county election board shall make the board's decision whether to count or not count the ballot in accordance with this title."

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Page 14, delete lines 5 through 10, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(e) Whenever the petitioner and each cross-petitioner or respondent file a joint motion to dismiss a recount or contest, the commission shall rule on the motion to dismiss before ordering or continuing with a recount or contest.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 480 as printed February 8, 2005.)

THOMAS, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 6, nays 4.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 480 be amended to read as follows:

Page 8, delete lines 30 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 17. IC 3-11-8-22.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 22.1. (a) This subsection applies to a voter:**

- (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct; and
- (2) who produces a certificate of error issued under IC 3-7-48-1.

If the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-7-48-1(b), if the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot after complying with IC 3-7-48-1(b) if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (b) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct; and
 - (2) who makes an oral or a written affirmation in compliance with IC 3-7-48-5 that the voter and continues to reside in the precinct at the address shown as the voter's former residence in the voter registration record.

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If the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-7-48-7.5, if the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot after complying with IC 3-7-48-7.5 if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (c) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct; and
 - (2) who produces a registration receipt that complies with IC 3-7-48-7.

If the county election board provides the precinct election board with the information required under IC 3-7-48-7(2), and the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-7-48-7.5, is the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot after complying with IC 3-7-48-7.5 if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (d) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name does not appear on the poll list for the precinct;
 - (2) who is not described by subsection (a), (b), or (c).

After the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (e) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name appears on the poll list for the precinct; and
 - (2) who no longer resides in the precinct, but is entitled to vote at the precinct under IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11, or IC 3-10-12.

If the voter executes an affidavit in compliance with IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11, or IC 3-10-12, and the voter is not challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must be provided with a regular official ballot. However, as provided by IC 3-10-10-9, IC 3-10-11-4.5, or IC 3-10-12-5, if the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter must cast a provisional ballot if the voter wishes to cast a ballot.

- (f) This subsection applies to a voter:
 - (1) whose name appears on the poll list for the precinct;
 - (2) who is not described in subsection (e).

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If the voter is challenged under IC 3-10-1 or this chapter, the voter shall be provided with a provisional ballot under IC 3-11.7 instead of a regular official ballot if the voter wishes to cast a vote. The voter may proceed to cast a provisional ballot after executing a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22 of this chapter if the voter wishes to cast a ballot."

Page 9, delete lines 1 through 12.

Page 9, line 14, after "23." insert "(a) As provided by IC 3-7-48-7.5, IC 3-10-10-9, IC 3-10-11-4.5, and IC 3-10-12-5, if a challenged voter has already made an affirmation or executed an affidavit under any of those sections, the challenged voter is not required to execute an additional affidavit under this section.

(b)".

Page 9, line 36, after "list" insert ",".

Page 9, line 36, strike "and the individual is not entitled to".

Page 9, line 37, strike "vote".

Page 9, line 37, delete "a regular official ballot".

Page 9, line 37, strike "under IC 3-7-48-1, IC 3-7-48-5,".

Page 9, line 38, strike "IC 3-7-48-7, IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11-2, or IC 3-10-12,".

Page 18, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 30. IC 3-11.5-4-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) If an absentee ballot is challenged under section 15 of this chapter, the absentee voter's application for an absentee ballot shall be considered as the affidavit required to be made by a voter when challenged at the polls while voting in person. In all other respects, the challenge procedure is the same as though the ballot was cast by the voter in person.

- (b) If a proper affidavit by a qualified person in the form required by IC 3-11-8-22 IC 3-11-8-22.1 is made that would entitle the absentee voter to vote if the absentee voter had personally appeared, the couriers shall return the affidavit to the county election board in the same envelope as the certificate returned under section 9 of this chapter.
- (c) The absentee ballot cast by the challenged voter shall be counted if the county election board makes the findings required under section 11 of this chapter.".

Page 18, line 14, strike "not permitted to vote" and insert "challenged under IC 3-10-1 or IC 3-11-8 after the voter makes an oral or a written affirmation under IC 3-7-48-5 or IC 3-7-48-7, or after the voter produces a certificate of error".

Page 18, line 14, delete "," and insert ".".











Page 18, strike lines 15 through 16.

Page 22, line 42, delete "IC 3-6-4.5-1 IS" and insert "THE FOLLOWING ARE"

Page 23, line 1, delete "." and insert ": IC 3-6-4.5-1; IC 3-11-8-22.". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 480 as printed April 5, 2005.)

MURPHY

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed House Bill 480 be amended to read as follows:

Page 19, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 31. IC 3-11.7-5-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1.5. A provisional ballot that has been marked and cast by a voter in compliance with this title but may not otherwise be counted solely as the result of the act or failure to act of an election officer shall nevertheless be counted unless evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot is demonstrated. The act or failure to act by an election officer is not by itself evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 480 as printed April 5, 2005.)

MAHERN



HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 480 be recommitted to a Committee of One, its sponsor, with specific instructions to amend as follows:

Page 2, after line 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 3-9-4-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 20. (a) Notwithstanding section 16 of this chapter, if a person is notified by the election division that the commission may assess a proposed civil penalty under this article against the person, the person may enter into an agreement with the election division to pay the proposed penalty and waive a hearing before the commission otherwise required under section 16 of this chapter.

- (b) An agreement entered into under this section must:
 - (1) provide for the payment of the entire proposed civil penalty not later than the date of the execution of the agreement; and
 - (2) be presented to the commission by the election division for ratification at the commission's next regularly scheduled meeting.

SECTION 5. IC 3-9-5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. (a) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee other than a candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee, the committee's treasurer, and each candidate shall complete a report required by this chapter current and dated as of the following dates:

- (1) Twenty-five (25) days before the nomination date.
- (2) Twenty-five (25) days before the general, municipal, or special election.
- (3) The annual report filed and dated as required by section 10 of this chapter.
- (b) This subsection applies to a regular party committee. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the committee's treasurer shall complete a report required by this chapter current and dated as of the following dates:
 - (1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election.
 - (2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general, municipal, or special election
 - (3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under section 10 of this chapter.

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- (c) This subsection applies to a legislative caucus committee. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the committee's treasurer shall complete a report required under this chapter current and dated as of the following dates:
 - (1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election conducted in an even-numbered year.
 - (2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general election conducted in an even-numbered year.
 - (3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under section 10 of this chapter.

A legislative caucus committee is not required to file any report concerning the committee's activity during an odd-numbered year other than the annual report filed and dated under section 10 of this chapter.

- (d) This subsection applies to a political action committee. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the committee's treasurer shall complete a report required by this chapter current and dated as of the following dates:
 - (1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election.
 - (2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general, municipal, or special election.
 - (3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under section 10 of this chapter.
- (e) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office. A candidate's committee is not required to file a report under section 8.2, 8.4, or 8.5 of this chapter. For a year in which an election to the state office is held, the treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file the following reports:
 - (1) A report covering the period from January 1 through March 31 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must be filed not later than noon April 15 of the year covered by the report.
 - (2) A report covering the period from April 1 through June 30 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must be filed not later than noon July 15 of the year covered by the report.
 - (3) A report covering the period from July 1 through September 30 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must be filed not later than noon October 15 of the year covered by the report.
 - (4) A report covering the period from October 1 of the year of the report through the date that is fifteen (15) days before the









date of the election. A report required by this subdivision must be filed not later than noon seven (7) days before the date of the election.

- (5) A report covering the period from the date that is fifteen (15) days before the date of the election through December 31 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must:
 - (A) provide cumulative totals from January 1 through December 31 of the year of the report; and
 - (B) be filed not later than the deadline specified in section 10 of this chapter.

SECTION 6. IC 3-9-5-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. (a) This section:

- (1) applies to a candidate for nomination to an office in a convention who becomes a candidate less than twenty-five (25) days before the nomination date for a candidate chosen at a convention; and
- (2) does not apply to a candidate for nomination to a state office by a major political party at a convention conducted under IC 3-8-4.
- (b) A candidate is not required to file a report in accordance with section 6(a)(1) of this chapter. The candidate shall file the candidate's first report not later than noon twenty (20) days after the nomination date for a candidate chosen at a convention.
- (c) The reporting period for the first report required for a candidate begins on the date that the individual became a candidate and ends on the day following the adjournment of the convention.

SECTION 7. IC 3-9-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), in a year in which a candidate is not a candidate for election to an office to which this article applies or does not seek nomination at a caucus or state convention for election to an office to which this article applies, the treasurer of the candidate's committee shall file only the report required by section 10 of this chapter.

- (b) This subsection applies to a candidate who holds one (1) office and is a candidate for a different office (or has filed a statement of organization for an exploratory committee without indicating that the individual is a candidate for a specific office). The treasurer of the candidate's committee for the office the candidate holds shall file the following reports:
 - (1) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least









- ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from January 1 until twenty-five (25) days before the primary election, the treasurer shall file a preprimary report under section 6 of this chapter.
- (2) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from twenty-five (25) days before the primary election until twenty-five (25) days before the general election, the treasurer shall file a pregeneral election report under section 6 of this chapter.
- (3) The report required under section 10 of this chapter.
- (c) This subsection applies to a candidate who is required to file a preprimary report or preconvention report under section 6 of this chapter and who:
 - (1) is defeated at the primary election or convention; or
 - (2) withdraws or is disqualified as a candidate before the general election.

The treasurer of a candidate's committee described by this subsection is not required to file a pregeneral election report under section 6 of this chapter but shall file the report required by section 10 of this chapter.

- (d) This subsection applies to a candidate for election to a city office or a town office. If a municipal primary is not conducted in the municipality by one (1) or more parties authorized to conduct a primary, the candidate must file a report in accordance with the schedule set forth in section 6 of this chapter as if the primary were conducted. If a municipal election is not conducted in the municipality, the candidate must file a report in accordance with section 6 of this chapter as if the municipal election were conducted.
- (e) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office. For a year in which an election to the state office is not held, the treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file the following reports in addition to any other report required by this article:
 - (1) A report covering the period from January 1 through June 30 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must be filed not later than noon July 15 of the year covered by the report.
 - (2) A report covering the period from July 1 through December 31 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must:
 - (A) provide cumulative totals from January 1 through December 31 of the year of the report; and
 - (B) be filed by the deadline specified in section 10 of this











chapter.

SECTION 8. IC 3-9-5-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 10. (a) The treasurer of each committee shall file a report each year that is complete as of December 31 of the previous year and covers the period since the last report. This annual report is due by noon:

- (1) the third Wednesday in January, in the case of:
 - (A) a candidate's committee;
 - (B) a legislative caucus committee; or
 - (C) a political action committee; or
- (2) March 1, in the case of a regular party committee.
- (b) A candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office that files a report:
 - (1) under section 6(e)(5) or 9(e)(2) of this chapter; and
 - (2) by the deadline specified under subsection (a) for filing a candidate's committee report;

is not required to file an additional report under this section.

SECTION 9. IC 3-9-5-20.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 20.1. (a) This section:

- (1) applies only to a large contribution that is received by a candidate, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's committee; and
- (2) does not apply to a candidate for a state office, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's committee.
- (b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:
 - (1) A primary election.
 - (2) A general election.
 - (3) A municipal election.
 - (4) A special election.
 - (5) For candidates nominated at a state convention, the state convention.
- (c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means contributions:
 - (1) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
 - (2) that are received:
 - (A) not more than twenty-five (25) days before an election; and
 - (B) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
- (d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a supplemental large contribution report with the election division or a county election board not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the contribution is received. A candidate for a legislative office shall file

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a report required by this section with the election division and the county election board as required by section 3 of this chapter. A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile (fax) transmission.

- (e) A report required by subsection (d) must contain the following information for each large contribution:
 - (1) The name of the person making the contribution.
 - (2) The address of the person making the contribution.
 - (3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the individual's occupation.
 - (4) The total amount of the contribution.
 - (5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large contribution were received by the treasurer, the candidate, or the candidate's committee.
- (f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report required by this section.

SECTION 10. IC 3-9-5-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only to a large contribution that is received by a candidate for a state office, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's committee.

- (b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:
 - (1) For a candidate nominated at a primary election, the primary election.
 - (2) For a candidate nominated at a state convention, the state convention.
 - (3) A general election.
- (c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means either of the following:
 - (1) Contributions:
 - (A) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
 - (B) that are received:
 - (i) after the end of a reporting period and before the deadline for the candidate's committee to file a report under section 6 of this chapter; and
 - (ii) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
 - (2) A single contribution that is at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) that is received at any time.
- (d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a supplemental large contribution report with the election division not later than:

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- (1) forty-eight (48) hours after a contribution described by subsection (c)(1) is received; or
- (2) noon seven (7) days after a contribution described by subsection (c)(2) is received.
- (e) A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile transmission or as an electronic report when the requirements of IC 3-9-4 or this chapter have been met. A report required by subsection (d) must contain the following information for each large contribution:
 - (1) The name of the person making the contribution.
 - (2) The address of the person making the contribution.
 - (3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the individual's occupation.
 - (4) The total amount of the contribution.
 - (5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large contribution described in subsection (c)(1) or a large contribution described in subsection (c)(2) were received by the treasurer, the candidate, or the candidate's committee.
- (f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report required by this section.".

Page 24, between lines 36 and 37, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 50. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) IC 3-9-4-20, as added by this act, applies to a committee that has been notified by the election division of a proposed civil penalty under IC 3-9 before January 1, 2006.

- (b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2006. SECTION 51. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions
- in IC 3-5-2 apply throughout this SECTION.
- (b) A county voter registration office may provide original copies of the county's voter registration applications and other voter registration records to:
 - (1) the state; or
 - (2) an entity acting as the state's agent under a contract between the entity and the state;

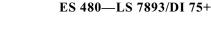
for the purpose of optically scanning information set forth on the applications and records so that this information can be included in the statewide voter registration computerized list to be established under IC 3-7-26.3.

(c) If a county voter registration office provides original copies to the state under this SECTION, the state and the state's agent shall take all necessary and prudent steps to safeguard and preserve the county records during the time the state or the state's











agent has custody of these records. The state or the state's agent shall promptly return the original records to the county voter registration office upon completing the optical scanning described in subsection (b).

- (d) If a county voter registration office provides original records to the state or the state's agent under this SECTION, the county, the county voter registration office, the circuit court clerk, each member of the county board of registration, and each employee of the county voter registration office are not liable, in either an official or individual capacity for any loss or damage that occurs to the county voter registration records during the time the state or the state's agent have custody of these records. The state's agent must assume full liability for any loss or damage to these records before taking custody of these records from the county voter registration office.
 - (e) This SECTION expires March 31, 2006.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 480 as reprinted April 8, 2005.)

RICHARDSON

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee of One, to which was referred Engrossed Senate Bill 480, begs leave to report that said bill has been amended as directed.

RICHARDSON

